Evaluation scheme – An introduction

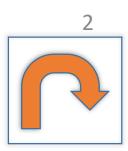
Instruction: Clicking in the table fields will take you to the indicator recommendations. From there, click the arrow in the upper right corner to return.

	Basic set	Advanced sets							
Process phase and sub-goals	Start PB	Quality of proposals	Innovation	Feedback & Monitoring	Process delay	Online	Cost efficiency	Co-creation	Inclusiveness
(Re-) Design phase	Setting the parameters of the process	Communication of the proposal restrictions	Preparation of proposal overviews	Setting up surveys in the process	-	Capture of digital information	Capture of time and cost	Integration of citizens ideas for the process	Involvement of NGOs and associations
Proposal phase			· (**)						
Voting phase			-		X			-	
Implementation phase		-	P				©		团





(Re-)Design phase – Basic set



Check framework conditions:

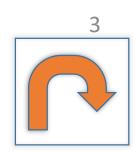
Build process: Proposal and/or voting phase?

- Ensure recording of proposals and voting results
- Set budget for implementations (amount to be adapted to the individual case, measurable via euros/per inhabitant)





(Re-)Design phase – Quality of proposals

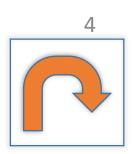


- Plan communication of proposal restrictions:
 - Topics
 - Budget size
 - Location
 - Realisation
- Communicate reasons for rejected proposals
- Recording the reasons for rejections





(Re-)Design phase – Innovation

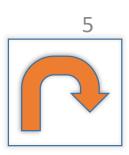


- Request demographic data of the proposing persons (e.g. online accounts)
- Knowledge of the planned projects of the administration





(Re-)Design phase – Feedback

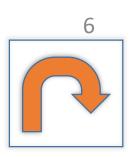


- Embed feedback surveys in the proposal or voting phase
- Continuity of the survey reveals changes over time
 (→ create database)
- Ask for consistent content if possible (consistent questions, scales etc.)
- Set focus points
 (Note the length of the surveys (dropout rate))





(Re-)Design phase - Online



- Create an online participation platform with appropriate functions (e.g. submit proposals, make comments, award up-votes/down-votes, conduct votes, etc.).
- Use of digital analysis tools (GoogleAnalytics or similar)
- Regularly check the participation platform and its functions (→ create database)





(Re-)Design phase – Cost-efficiency



Check framework conditions:

 provide time recording and check allocation of costs to individual process phases (cost accounting)





(Re-)Design phase – Co-creation

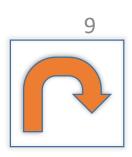


- Check if citizens influence is possible
- At least: Listen to citizens ideas and wishes for the PB process
- Possible forms of citizens influence:
 - Form a working group of citizens
 - Consult a local NGO
 - Include citizens representatives in a PB board





(Re-)Design phase – Inclusiveness

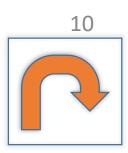


- Define marginalised groups in the municipality
- Implement request of demographic data during proposal and/or vote phase
- Contact associations, NGOs and familiarise them with the concept of PB
- Using organisations as multipliers and supporters (EmPaci: Train-the-Trainer, PBbase network)





Proposal phase – Basic set



Indicators:

- Number/Rate of proposers
- Number of proposals
- Number of proposals per topic
- Main target groups

Goal:

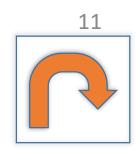
Recording of proposals and proposing citizen groups over time and focus points of the citizens' proposals.

Assumption: number of proposals decreases over time





Evaluation schemeproposal/voting phase – Quality of proposals



Indicator:

- Number of accepted proposals
- Number of rejected proposals
- Rate of accepted proposals (for all: aim for comparison with previous year)

Goal:

A review of accepted proposals over time.

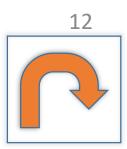
Assumptions:

- Rate of accepted proposals increases over time
- Total number of proposals decreases over time





Proposal phase – Innovation



Indicator:

- Number of unexpected proposals
- Citizens group who have innovative proposals (if possible)

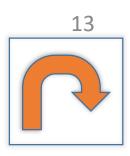
Goal:

Checking which new impulses come from the population and which groups are innovation drivers





Proposal phase – Feedback



Indicator (if possible):

- Number of citizens reached through activation activities
- Categorisation according to activities (social media, local media, posters, events (NGOs), etc.)
- Categorisation of citizens (age, region, social status, etc.)

Goal:

Checking the visibility ("What made you take notice?") to capture effective activation channels and activities





Evaluation schemeProposal phase – Process delay



Indicator:

- Number of delayed feasibility checks
- Area of delayed feasibility checks
 (infrastructure, cultural events, services, etc.)

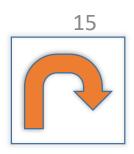
Goal:

Identification of time-consuming checks for prioritisation/adjustment of capacities and resources





Evaluation schemeProposal phase – Online



Indicators:

- Number of accounts on the participation platform
- Number of comments per proposal (positive/negative)
- Number of proposals submitted online
- Number of visitors to the participation platform
- Number of clicks, likes, page views etc. (also on social media)

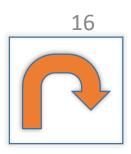
Goal:

Recording of user behaviour and analysis of the architecture of the participation platform during proposal submission





Proposal phase – Cost-efficiency



Indicators:

- Expenditure for the proposal phase
- Expenditure per proposal (accepted or rejected)
- Time required for the feasibility check (per proposal and in total)

Goal:

Recording of the costs and time spent on proposal evaluation





Proposal phase – Co-creation



Indicators:

- Number of jointly developed proposals
- Number of not jointly developed (and cancelled) proposals
- Rate of jointly developed proposal on the overall number of proposals

Goal:

Recording the effectiveness and influence of joint development of proposals by citizens and administration





Proposal phase – Inclusiveness



Indicators:

- Number of citizens entitled to propose
- Rate of proposing citizens who are not eligible to vote
- Number of proposals that address the needs of marginalised groups
- Number of proposals coming from marginalised groups

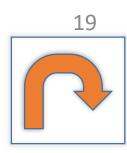
Goal:

Recording the involvement of disadvantaged groups in the proposal phase





Voting phase – Basic set



Indicators:

- Number/Rate of citizens participating
- Number of votes received (up-vote, down-vote, multiple votes, etc.)

Goal:

Presentation of the voting results





Voting phase – Feedback



Indicators:

- Number of citizens reached through activation activities
- Classification by activities (social media, local media, posters, events (NGOs), etc.)
- Categorisation of citizens (age, region, social status, etc.)

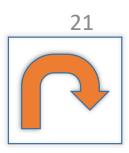
Goal:

Checking the visibility ("What made you take notice?") to capture effective activation channels and activities





Voting phase – Process delay



Indicators:

- Number of delayed feasibility checks
- Topics of delayed feasibility checks (infrastructure, cultural events, services etc.)

Goal:

Identification of time-consuming feasibility checks for prioritization/adjustment of capacities





Evaluation schemeVoting phase – Online



Indicators:

- Rate of discontinued voting processes
- Number of website visitors during the voting period (additionally: recording of the devices used)
- Number/Rate of voting processes online and offline
- Number of clicks, likes, page views, etc. (also on social media)
- Conversion rate (Relation of completed voting process to Website views)

Goal:

Recording of user behaviour and analysis of the architecture of the participation platform of the vote





Voting phase — Cost-efficiency



Indicators:

- Expenditures for the reconciliation phase
- Expenditure per proposal (accepted or rejected)
- Time required for the feasibility checks (per proposal and in total)

Goal:

Recording the costs and time spent on the voting phase





Voting phase – Inclusiveness



Indicators (if possible):

- Number of voting citizens
- Number of marginalized voting citizens (form groups)
- Rate of citizens who are not eligible to vote
- Number of citizens reached through various activities of activation (differentiated by groups: age, region/district, etc.)
- Number of proposals selected that address the needs of marginalized groups
- Number/Rate of citizens involved who did not vote in the last election

Goal:

Recording the involvement of disadvantaged groups in the PB and the impact of the results of the vote.





Evaluation schemeImplementation phase – Basic set



Indicators:

- Amount/Rate of the budget used
- Amount distributed among various topics
- Number of realized proposals after one year

Goal:

Recording the budget utilization and the progress of the implementation of the proposals.





Evaluation schemeImplementation phase – Innovation



Indicators:

 Number of realized innovative proposals (unexpected proposals for the administration)

Goal:

Recognition of innovative proposals





Evaluation schemeImplementation phase – Feedback



Indicators (if possible):

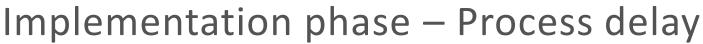
- Perceived trust/transparency/satisfaction/knowledge of citizens (differentiated according to aspects, e.g. communication, coordination, etc.)
- Number of complaints related to the PB
- Number/Rate of new or returning participants
- Number of new contacts outside the PB
- Number of reports in the media (positive/negative)
- Number of citizens reached through various activities of activation (including the perception of the implemented proposals) (differentiated by groups: age, activities, etc.)
- Perceived satisfaction of administrative employees

Goal:

Recording the perception of the citizens (and administration employees) of the PB and drawing conclusions about effective activation activities.









Indicators:

- Number of delayed implementations
- Number of delayed feasibility checks
- Rate of delayed feasibility checks
- Number/Rate of realised proposals after 2 years
- Average duration of implementation per proposal

Goal:

Uncovering the delayed processes and capturing sources of delay





Evaluation schemeImplementation phase – Online



Indicators:

- Number of "active" citizens throughout the process (suggesting/commenting/voting)
- Number of comments on implementations (positive/negative)
- Average time spent by citizens on the participation platform over the entire process
- Bounce rate (= Leaving the platform after a short time)

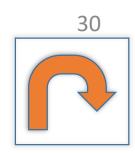
Goal:

Recording of active website visitors and assessment of the usability of the participation platform





Evaluation schemeImplementation phase –



Indicator:

- Amount of total expenditure until implementation
- Average amount for feasibility check and implementation per proposal
- Amount per process phase

Cost-efficiency

- Average amount for feasibility check and implementation per citizen
- Budget-efficiency

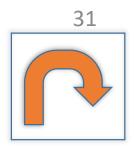
Goal:

Recording the costs of carrying out the implementation and revealing the cost structure in the process





Evaluation schemeImplementation phase – Co-creation



Indicator:

 Number of implementations actively supported by citizens (including: NGOs, working groups)

Goal:

Recording the influence of citizens on the implementation of the (voted) proposals





Evaluation schemeImplementation phase – Inclusiveness



Indicator:

- Number/Rate of realized proposals that address the needs of disadvantaged groups (if possible, comparison with pre-PB)
- Amount/Rate of budget used per district/region or per inhabitant of the districts/region

Goal:

Demonstrating the impact on disadvantaged groups and their living space



